

Title: BILIOUS ASPIRATES / VOMITS, INITIAL Ref: 2327 Version 1

MANAGEMENT

Classification: Guideline Directorate: Child Health

Due for Review: 27/07/21
Responsible

Document Control

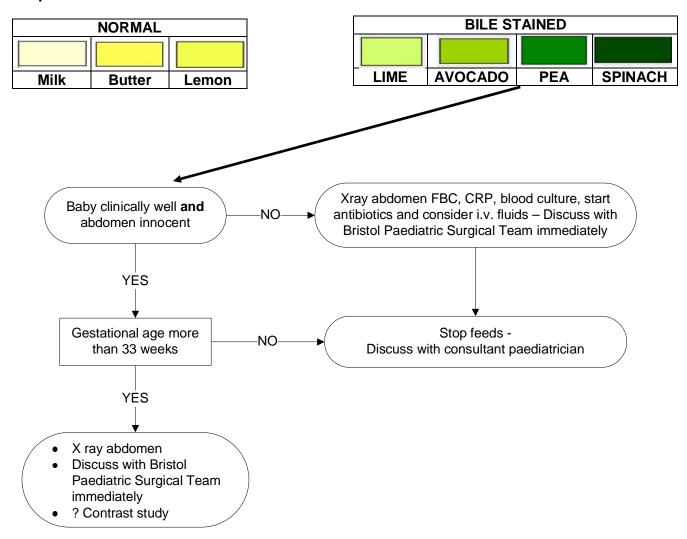
for review: Consultant Paediatrician

Ratified by: Quality Safety Audit and Guidelines Meeting

Applicability: All infants as indicated

Aim: this describes the *initial* approach to a non surgical neonate with bilious aspirates. Subsequent investigation and management will be determined by the initial results. Bilious aspirates/vomits is a potential time critical surgical emergency and may require immediate transfer to a surgical centre.

Aspirate/vomit colour





Protocols & Guidelines - Document Control

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Ref: 2327	Title: Bilious aspirates/vomits, initial management
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Date of Issue:	27 July 2018	Next Review Date:	27 July 2021				
Version:	1						
Author:	Consultant Paediatrician						
Index:	Child Health						
Classification:	Guideline						
Applicability:	All infants as indicated in document						
Equality Impact:	The guidance contained in this document is intended to be inclusive for all patients within the clinical group specified, regardless of age, disability, gender, gender identity, sexual orientation, race and ethnicity & religion or belief.						
Evidence based:	Yes						
References:							
Produced following audit:	No						
Audited:	No						
Approval Route:	See ratification	Date Approved:	18 July 2018				
Approved By:							
Links or overlaps with other policies:							
All TSDFT Trust strategies, policies and procedure documents.							

PUBLICATION HISTORY:

Issue	Date	Status	Authorised			
1	27 July 2018	New	Quality Safety Audit and Guidelines Meeting			

The Mental Capacity Act 2005

The Mental Capacity Act provides a statutory framework for people who lack capacity to make decisions for themselves, or who have capacity and want to make preparations for a time when they lack capacity in the future. It sets out who can take decisions, in which situations, and how they should go about this. It covers a wide range of decision making from health and welfare decisions to finance and property decisions

Enshrined in the Mental Capacity Act is the principle that people must be assumed to have capacity unless it is established that they do not. This is an important aspect of law that all health and social care practitioners must implement when proposing to undertake any act in connection with care and treatment that requires consent. In circumstances where there is an element of doubt about a person's ability to make a decision due to 'an impairment of or disturbance in the functioning of the mind or brain' the practitioner must implement the Mental Capacity Act.

The legal framework provided by the Mental Capacity Act 2005 is supported by a Code of Practice, which provides guidance and information about how the Act works in practice. The Code of Practice has statutory force which means that health and social care practitioners have a legal duty to have regard to it when working with or caring for adults who may lack capacity to make decisions for themselves.

"The Act is intended to assist and support people who may lack capacity and to discourage anyone who is involved in caring for someone who lacks capacity from being overly restrictive or controlling. It aims to balance an individual's right to make decisions for themselves with their right to be protected from harm if they lack the capacity to make decisions to protect themselves". (3)

All Trust workers can access the Code of Practice, Mental Capacity Act 2005 Policy, Mental Capacity Act 2005 Practice Guidance, information booklets and all assessment, checklists and Independent Mental Capacity Advocate referral forms on iCare

http://icare/Operations/mental_capacity_act/Pages/default.aspx

Infection Control

All staff will have access to Infection Control Policies and comply with the standards within them in the work place. All staff will attend Infection Control Training annually as part of their mandatory training programme.





Rapid (E)quality Impact Assessment (EqIA) (for use when writing policies)

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Policy Title (and number)			Ve			vers	sion and Date		
Policy Author									
	An (e)quality impact assessment is a process designed to ensure that policies do not discriminate or disadvantage people whilst advancing equality. Consider the nature and extent of the impact, not the number of people affected.								
				ure and	extent of the i	mpact	, not the number	of people	e affected.
Who may be affected by this document?									
Patients/ Service			Other, pl					1 11 0	
							he general popu		da balaw
	PLEASE NOTE: Any 'Yes' answers may trigger a full EIA and must be referred to the equality leads below Age Yes □ No□ Gender Reassignment Yes □ No□ Sexual Orientation Yes □ No□								Yes □ No□
Age Race	Yes □ No□	Disabilit		IIIIEIII	Yes □ No□				
	Yes □ No□		•	e.a. i.t	Yes □ No□		Religion/Belief (non) Marriage/ Civil Partnership		Yes □ No□
Gender	Yes □ No□	_	ncy/Mate	•	Yes □ No□		•	Yes □ No□	
the general pop convictions; soc	pulation? (subsitial isolation ⁴ ; ref	tance mis ugees)	use; teer	nage mu	ums; carers ¹ ; tr	avelle		tnan	Yes □ No□
Please provide	details for eac	h protect	ed grou	p where	you have inc	licated	d 'Yes'.		
			n to remo	ove unin	ntentional barri	ers an	d promote inclusi	on	
Is inclusive lang								Yes □	No□ NA □
Are the services	outlined in the p	policy fully	ly accessible ⁶ ? Yes □				No□ NA □		
Does the policy	encourage indiv	ridualised	and pers	on-cent	red care?			Yes □	No□ NA □
Could there be a	an adverse impa	ict on an i	ndividual	's indep	endence or au	tonom	ıy ⁷ ?	Yes □	No□ NA □
EXTERNAL FA	CTORS								
Is the policy a result of national legislation which cannot be modified in any way? Yes ☐ No☐									
What is the reason for writing this policy? (Is it a result in a change of legislation/ national research?)									
Who was cons	ulted when dra	ftina this	policy?						
Patients/ Service		rade Unio		Protect	ted Groups (inc	duding	Trust Fauality 6	Proune)	
Staff									
Staff □ General Public □ Other, please state □ What were the recommendations/suggestions?									
What word the	- Coommonauti	Jii Grougg	001101101	•					
							ts to an existing		Yes □ No□
						o the	equality leads b	elow	
ACTION PLAN: Please list all actions identified to address any impacts									
Action						Person responsible		Comp	letion date
AUTHORISATION:									
By signing below, I confirm that the named person responsible above is aware of the actions assigned to them									
•	Name of person completing the form Validated by (line manager) Signature Signature								
vandated by (II	ne manager)						Signature		

Please contact the Equalities team for guidance:

For South Devon & Torbay CCG, please call 01803 652476 or email marisa.cockfield@nhs.net



For Torbay and South Devon NHS Trusts, please call 01803 656676 or email pfd.sdhct@nhs.net This form should be published with the policy and a signed copy sent to your relevant organisation.

- ¹ Consider any additional needs of carers/ parents/ advocates etc, in addition to the service user
- ² Travelers may not be registered with a GP consider how they may access/ be aware of services available to them
- ³ Consider any provisions for those with no fixed abode, particularly relating to impact on discharge
- ⁴ Consider how someone will be aware of (or access) a service if socially or geographically isolated
- ⁵ Language must be relevant and appropriate, for example referring to partners, not husbands or wives
- ⁶ Consider both physical access to services and how information/ communication in available in an accessible format
- ⁷ Example: a telephone-based service may discriminate against people who are d/Deaf. Whilst someone may be able to act on their behalf, this does not promote independence or autonomy



Clinical and Non-Clinical Policies – New Data Protection Regulation (NDPR)

Torbay and South Devon NHS Foundation Trust (TSDFT) has a commitment to ensure that all policies and procedures developed act in accordance with all relevant data protection regulations and guidance. This policy has been designed with the EU New Data Protection Regulation (NDPR) in mind and therefore provides the reader with assurance of effective information governance practice.

NDPR intends to strengthen and unify data protection for all persons; consequently, the rights of individuals have changed. It is assured that these rights have been considered throughout the development of this policy.

Furthermore, NDPR requires that the Trust is open and transparent with its personal identifiable processing activities and this has a considerable effect on the way TSDFT holds, uses, and shares personal identifiable data. The most effective way of being open is through data mapping. Data mapping for NDPR was initially undertaken in November 2017 and must be completed on a triannual (every 3 years) basis to maintain compliance. This policy supports the data mapping requirement of the NDPR.

For more information:

- Contact the Data Access and Disclosure Office on dataprotection.tsdft@nhs.net,
- See TSDFT's Data Protection & Access Policy,
- Visit our GDPR page on ICON.